

Message from the Chairman



In the past year, in the midst of the extremely dynamic political and economic environment in Indonesia as well as in the world, The Habibie Center has succeeded in implementing fruitful programs and producing useful research and publications. The consolidation of various institutions under the Center was proven useful for the Center's 2005 activities and undoubtedly will provide a stronger foundation for future programs and activities.

The year 2005 started with a tragedy that devastated the whole nation and also awakened many people to take action to help the victims of the Tsunami in Aceh. Thus, this year The Habibie Center focused on helping the victims in Aceh through the "Help Indonesian Tsunami Victims" program, shortened HITV. With the support from the Indonesian, as well as the international, community, The Habibie Center was able to collect funds to help the Acehnese under the HITV program. In the year 2006, The Habibie Center will continue to give priority to the rehabilitation process in Aceh.

However, as our commitment for the process of democratization must be held, The Habibie Center also made sure that the routine programs that focused on issues of democracy and human rights continued. Issues ranging from politics, legal reform, media, justice and human rights to information technology and education became the focus of the numerous discussions, seminars and workshops held by the Center. These discussions were held not only within the national scope but also internationally with the cooperation of our international partners from Asia, Europe and all over the world.

In six years, The Habibie Center has succeeded in accomplishing a number of important activities and it will continue to conduct activities focused on efforts to uphold the values and principles of human rights, democracy and good governance in Indonesia. With the support of the public, the media, and through fruitful cooperation with organizations, both national and international, we hope to accomplish this and much more. Hopefully, by working together we can set up positive and productive programs that will be beneficial to the Indonesian people and to the nation as a whole.

Finally, I personally would like to express my gratitude to the various parties that have participated in The Habibie Center activities over the past year, and hope that with the support from various sectors we can improve our efforts in the future.

Jakarta, December 2006



Bacharuddin Jusuf Habibie

Foreword

Reforming the Bureaucracy within the Context of *Reformasi*



The role of the bureaucracy in Indonesia in the transition era is crucial. This role is currently attracting great interest in Indonesian politics because political change since 1998 has given greater strength to societal forces *vis-à-vis* the state. During this transition period many Indonesians demand the implementation of good governance, the elimination of corruption, collusion and nepotism, and call for greater accountability of the authorities to the people. These issues are intertwined with the issue of social justice, discussion of which flourishes in society. Since the *Reformasi* movement in 1998 a broad spectrum of Indonesian societal forces and NGOs have been established, ranging from philanthropic and charitable organizations to the radical protest movement. The societal forces have promoted participation and pluralism in ways that affect

state-society relations and weaken the government apparatus as an agent of social control.

Moreover, the role of civil society (political parties, students, intellectuals, the press, NGOs) in supporting the reform of the bureaucracy and decentralizing power to regional government has been very important. These groups were influential because the creation of good governance and clean government, as well as the empowerment of civil society, could not be expected simply from government initiative.

The politicization of the bureaucracy through the weakening of political parties and maintaining bureaucratic authoritarianism under the New Order government (1966-1998) was an important stimulus for reforming the bureaucracy. With the downfall of Soeharto's New Order regime, the authoritarian nature of the bureaucratic system was exposed. The implementation of new political laws in 1999 gave rise to an invigorated role for political parties, and the implementation of a government regulation for a neutral bureaucracy resulted in its declining involvement in politics. A strong parliament and the increasing political awareness of bureaucrats have become a reality today. The bureaucracy can no longer exist as it was in the New Order, and, in fact, has responded to societal needs by adjusting to the new political climate.

Arguably, the development of democracy in Indonesia could not take place without the reform of the bureaucracy. The issues of democratization and reform of bureaucracy are central to current political debates in Indonesia. Bureaucracy and democracy have, in fact, influenced each other. Present evidence on the neutrality of the civil service during the 2004 elections, demonstrates the form of the Indonesian bureaucracy and the nature of the links between state and society in the transition period, especially after regional governments were granted greater regional autonomy in January 2001. Thus, since this period policy-making was no longer so heavily dominated by the state elite. This represented an important change in Indonesian political life.

A stylized, handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Ahmad W. Pratiknya'.

Ahmad W. Pratiknya
Executive Director

DISCUSSION AND BOOK LAUNCHING: *DEVELOPMENT, MIGRATION AND SECURITY IN EAST ASIA. PEOPLE'S MOVEMENTS AND NON-TRADITIONAL SECURITY CHALLENGES IN A CHANGING EAST ASIA.*

The Habibie Center held a discussion and Launching a book, entitled *Development, Migration and Security in East Asia. People's Movements and Non-Traditional Security Challenges in a Changing East Asia*. The discussion took place at Lemhannas building, on March 9, 2006. The theme of the discussion was "Transnational Crimes: Terrorism and the trafficking of human and Narcotics in East Asia" presenting speakers among others were Sidney Jones, Executive Director of The Asia division of Human Rights Watch; and Ralf Emmer, Professor from The Institute of Defense and Strategic Studies (IDDS), Nanyang Technological University (NTU), Singapore.



The speakers discussed the three phenomenon in Indonesia that should come into considerations in facing the changing East Asia, they are development related to the domestic situation in Indonesia; the migration related to illegal workers from Indonesia to Asian Countries; and security related to domestic and international political issues.

CONSEQUENCES OF *JUDICIAL REVIEW*, LAW OF APBN 2006 TO INDONESIAN DEVELOPMENT, ESPECIALLY FOR EDUCATION PROGRAM

A round table discussion with the theme "Consequences of *Judicial Review*, Law of APBN 2006 to Indonesian Development, especially for Education Program" was held at the Habibie Center in cooperation with its long-permanent partner of Hanns Seidel Foundation on April 18, 2006. Some Speakers for the discussion were from the University of Indonesia like Prof. Dr. Satya Arinanto, S.H. and Prof. Arifin P. Soeriatmadja, from the Faculty of Law; and Prof. Bambang P.S. Brodjonegoro, Ph.D from the Faculty of Economics, University of Indonesia. Other speakers were Prof. Dr. Wardiman Djojonegoro, The Chairman of *Yayasan SDM Iptek* of The Habibie Center; and Trulyanti Sutrasno a member of parliament from Commission X.

The discussion focused on public outcry that the government had neglected the needs of education for the people. It is fact



that the Government only puts 5, 17% of the whole national budget to educational sectors. According to the 1945 Constitution, there should be a minimum of 20% from the National Budget to be channeled to education programs. The speakers agreed that the Government should put more attention to the education. As a consequence, a demand for 20% must be fulfilled by government. The result of the discussion would be handed over to the Ministry of Education.

THE LAUNCHING OF THE BOOK OF POEMS, “MAWAR PUCAT” (THE PALE ROSE) AND THE PAINTING EXHIBITION OF TEN PAINTERS ON THE NATIONAL AWAKENING DAY

The Habibie Center held a painting exhibition that took place in THC's Building from May 29 to June 4, 2006. Having been opened the painting exhibition officially, B.J. Habibie provided the first stroke of paint on a blank canvas, which was followed by each of the 10 painters whose work was part of the exhibition. Along with the exhibition, there was also a book launch of a Poetry collection of Ronny Rondonuwu. Again, B.J. Habibie was asked by the audience to read the poem “Mawar Pucat” which is also the title of the book. Habibie's performance captivated audience's attention.



In the event, the books were given to audience freely, and the THC provided its foyer to display 50 paintings of the ten painters on the exhibition, all of them are alumni of the Indonesian School of Fine Arts (*Sekolah Seni Rupa Indonesia*) and Indonesian Fine Art College (*Sekolah Tinggi Seni Rupa Indonesia*), known as ASRI before) in Yogyakarta. Seven of the ten painters used to be part of the “*Sanggar Bambu*” painters club in Yogyakarta. Even Muladi.W, one of the *Sanggar Bambu* Yogyakarta founder, attended the exhibition.

DISCUSSION, “DEMOCRATIC TURBULENCE IN SOUTH EAST ASIA: POLITICAL, SECURITY AND DIPLOMACY ASPECTS” & DEWI FORTUNA ANWAR'S BOOK LAUNCHING “INDONESIA AT LARGE”

On Thursday, June 8, 2006, The Habibie Center held a discussion “Democratic Turbulence in South East Asia: Political, Security and Diplomacy Aspects”. Along with the discussion, there was a launch of Dewi Fortuna Anwar's book entitled of “Indonesia at Large: Collected Writings on ASEAN, Foreign Policy, Security and Democratization”. The speakers of the discussion were: H.E. Boer Mauna (Department of Foreign Affairs), Edy Prasetyono (Head of the Department of International Relations, CSIS), Anak Agung Banyu Perwita (Dean of the Faculty of Social and Political Science, Parahyangan University) and the Moderator is Dewi Fortuna Anwar (The Habibie Center Research and Program Director).

Besides the discussion of the topic, the speakers also gave comments on Dewi's

book. One of speakers, Edi Prasetyono explained that in some parts of the book, Dewi has mentioned the rise of nontraditional security issues. In the ASEAN context, the issues of democratization and human rights have come to the fore. This is very important because never before has ASEAN discussed the issue of democratization in the context of regional organizations and regional cooperation. This actually represents the significance in the point of departure of ASEAN- the so-called peace slogan that democracy never goes to war against democracy has never been taken seriously by ASEAN in the past. But, now, with the introduction of human rights and democratization, has become an integral part of regional cooperation - to promote regional security.

WORKSHOP OF SHORT TERM RESEARCH, TO GIVE SUGGESTION OF RESULT RESEARCH

The Habibie Center in cooperation with Hanns Seidel Foundation held workshops to socialize its short-term researches. The workshops were also aimed at presenting the result of the researches and taking comments from some invited sources. The two-day workshops took place at The Habibie Center Building, on October 4 to 6, 2006. The topic of short term researches including the issues on democracy and

human rights; human resources in science and technology; media and information; maritime resources; and also socialization and dissemination of technology; networking and cooperation. There are 6 topic of researches which were finished on September 2006. All researches were under the supervision of the Habibie Center's Manager of researcher, Dr. Siti Zuhro.

SERIES OF HISTORY ACTORS' DISCUSSION: TESTIMONIAL 66 FIGURE TAUFIQ ISMAIL: REFLECTION ON CREATION OF THE POEM OF PROTEST

The Habibie Center organized a discussion, which featured history actors. This was the second time THC carried out a discussion featuring actors of Indonesian history. The discussion featured a poetry reading from the 66 period, Taufiq

Ismail. The discussion also presented a culture observer, Maman S. Mahayana. And the moderator was THC Communication Director, Makmur Makka.

The discussion emphasized the background of poems of protest written by Taufiq Ismail. Over 60 people attended the discussion, included Chairman of THC Board of Director, Prof. Muladi. Among the guess there were a military observer, Salim



Said, and a member of THC Board of Commissioner, Billy Joedono.

During the discussion, Maman gave his comments on Taufiq's poem that he knew as a soft and polite poem, because it contained

metaphoric words instead of cynical words that refer to the hatred towards the Communist Party at the time. Maman also said that Taufiq's Poems were against the common streams of Indonesia Poetry. In the year 66, any poems that were published mostly contained slogans on supporting PKI's activities. Therefore, Taufiq's poems had not been permitted to be published in newspapers or magazines.

INDONESIA'S PERCEPTION OF CHINA AND US SECURITY REGION IN EAST ASIA: A CHINESE OBSERVATION BY VISITING FELLOW.

On February 16, 2006 The Habibie Center held a discussion entitled of **Indonesia's Perception of China and US Security Region in East Asia.**

This was a thesis presentation given by THC visiting fellow from China, Dr. Pan Yi Ning. Dr. Pan Yi-Ning was *Associate Professor of Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, China*. The moderator for the discussion was Prof. Dr. Dewi Fortuna Anwar.



In her thesis, Dr. Pan Yi Ning suggested that Indonesia had to play a significant role in the international politics and security, especially in Southeast Asia. Indonesia should recognize that both China and U.S have

considered Indonesia as important country, therefore both Super Powers (The United States and The Republic of China) have put particular interests in developing their strategic relationship with Indonesia.

WORKSHOP ON RESULT OF DISSEMINATIONS, PROJECT ASIA-LINK PROGRAMMED OF THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION, WITH A THEME: UPGRADING INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY OF INDUSTRY RELATION OFFICES".

A workshop on Upgrading Institutional Capacity of Industry Relation Offices was held by the Habibie Center on March 13-15,

2006. The workshop was in cooperation with the University of Gadjah Mada and The project of Asia-Link Program. The aim of this program was transfer of knowledge



between universities in Europe to universities in Asia. The universities from Europe that has taken part were Aachen University of Technology (Germany) and Delft University of Technology (Holland). These universities have a lot of experience in building a network throughout the world, strengthening educational and industrial institutions in Europe.

VISITS

A VISIT FROM SHANGHAI INSTITUTE OF INTERNATIONAL STUDIES (SIIS)

The Habibie Center received a visit by official of the Shanghai Institute of International Studies (SIIS), on September 1, 2006. The delegates were received by the Executive Director, Ahmad Watik Pratiknya.



FORMER COORDINATING MINISTER OF SECURITY, SUDOMO, VISITS THC

On November 8, 2006 Admiral Sudomo, Former Coordinating Minister of Security visited The Habibie Center. Admiral Sudomo visited THC to meet Prof. Habibie. He also spoke to some of THC's staff. During the conversation Sudomo felt sorry that nowadays there is no single organization or institution to become the quality supervising body for Indonesian export products. Sudomo told that in Suharto's Era there were some

organizations among other were The Agency of Handling Export Product (*Badan Penanganan Produk Eksport/BPPE*) that evaluate Indonesia's Product quality before being exported. Sudomo recently leads the organization of Indonesia's Quality Management (*Perhimpunan Manajemen Mutu Indonesia/PMMI*). He hopes to cooperate with The Habibie Center on this issue.

A VISIT FROM AMBASSADOR OF PORTUGAL

On August 16, 2006, Ambassador of Portugal, Jose Imanuel Santos Braga and his staff visited the Habibie Center in order to have discussion with THC's figures on democracy. The Ambassador and staff were received by THC Executive Director, Ahmad Watik Pratiknya and Director Research and Program, Dewi Fortuna Anwar.

During the discussion, Ambassador mentioned his intention to have information about The Habibie Center's and its program on democracy. Ahmad Watik explained that THC's program on democracy is implemented into 3 activities that are researches, discussions and



seminars. The topics for each activity based on the current issues circling in society. Watik also told Jose that THC's program based on morality, culture integrity and religion which are basically the principals of THC shown in its logo. Watik also hoped that Portugal and Indonesia can develop their cooperation in the future.

A VISIT FROM AMBASSADOR OF CHINA

The Habibie Center received a visit from the Ambassador of China, Lan Li Jun and his staff, on November 23, 2006. The delegates were received by the Executive Director, Ahmad Watik Pratiknya; the Director of Research and Program, Dewi Fortuna Anwar; the



Director of Communication, Makmur Makka; the Public Relations Manager, Fetty Fajriati; the Program Manager, Ima Abdulrahim and the Research Manager, R. Siti Zuhro. Ambassador of China, Lan Li Jun said Cina's government is interested in investing in Indonesia on public transportation. He also promised to invite a China institute or organization to cooperate with The Habibie Center.

A VISIT FROM AMBASSADOR OF GERMANY

On December 8, 2006, The Habibie Center also received a visit from the Ambassador of Germany, Baron Paul von Maltzahn. The delegates were received by the Executive Director, Ahmad Watik Pratiknya; the Director of Research and Program, Dewi Fortuna Anwar; the Director of Communication, Makmur Makka; the Public Relations Manager, Fetty Fajriati; the Program Manager, Ima Abdulrahim and the Research Manager, R. Siti Zuhro.

The Ambassador of Germany gave his



word to come to THC in other time if THC invited him to the Habibie Center to become a speaker on the Executive Forum. He would explain explained some fields in which both countries can open opportunities for cooperation and investments.

THE BUREAUCRATIC REFORM

DIALOG A21: PUBLIC SERVICE ACCOUNTABILITY

On December 19, 2006, The Habibie Center held an A21 Dialogue in Grand Kemang Hotel Jakarta. The dialogue was aimed at becoming a melting pot to more than 40 figures from different institutions and organizations in Indonesia in order to highlight the need to transfer knowledge in how people and institutions were effectively holding an approach to accountability, whether in and for

government, business or individual citizens.

A21 Dialogue was one of THC's program coordinated with AccountAbility, a non-profit organization based in London, UK.

Regarding to the importance of the dialogue, the Habibie Center presented Dato Seri Anwar Ibrahim, former Deputy Prime Minister of Malaysia, who is also AccountAbility's Honorary President to be the Keynote Speaker of the Dialogue.



HELP INDONESIAN TSUNAMI VICTIMS (HUMANITY PROGRAM)



THC in collaboration with some foundations, such as TETO, Lippo Group, Aceh Kinderstiftung and another organization since 2005, has built Care House in Nanggroe Aceh Darussalam. The Care Houses locations are in Bueng Cala and Darussalam, with a capacity of 150 children of tsunami victims. The children receive education, accommodation, health facility and rebound therapy.



HABIBIE AWARD FOR THREE INDONESIAN SCIENTISTS

In commemorating its 7th anniversary, The Habibie Center held a series of programs such as seminar and a presentation of the Habibie Awards Recipients on November 30, 2006. This year, 2006, The Habibie Center, through its SDM Iptek Foundation has selected three outstanding scholars to receive the B.J. Habibie Award. The three scholars received prizes, which are US \$25,000 cheques, medallions and certificates, in the evening of Nov. 30, at a Gala Dinner which also held along with the celebration of the 7th anniversary of the Habibie Center.

The Gala Dinner was held at Puri Agung Ballroom of Sahid Hotel, Jakarta. There were around 500 guests were present at the event. The three selected scholars and their families were also among the guests; they were



Dr. Freddy Permana Zen (35), Prof. Dr. Askandar Tjokroprawiro (68) and Dr. Thee Kian We (71). Furthermore, the founder of The Habibie Center and, Mrs. Hasri Ainun Habibie, and Indonesian Vice President and Mrs. Jusuf Kalla were also present at the event.

Among the invitees, there were The Chairman of Constitutional Court, Prof. Dr. Jimly Asshidiqie; The Chairman of the People's Consultative Assembly (MPR), Dr. Hidayat Nur Wahid; Minister of State-Owned Enterprises, Mr. Soegiharto; former Minister of Religious Affairs, Prof. Dr. Quraish Shihab; former Minister of Education, Prof. Dr. Malik Fadjar; and former Chairman of the House of Representatives, Mr. Akbar Tandjung.

DISCUSSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL DESTRUCTION VS NATURAL DISASTER: WHOSE RESPONSIBILITY?

For the first time, the Habibie Center, in coordination with Lead (Leadership and Development) Indonesia, conducted a discussion on January 26, 2006, entitled "Environmental Destruction vs. Natural Disaster: A Dormant Threat for Indonesia's Human Life". The speakers in this discussion were Togu Manurung (former Director of Forest Watch Indonesia), Hariyadi K. (former Deputy Minister of Environment), Deddy (Metro TV Reporter) and Andrinof Chaniago (Senior Researcher of THC). The Moderator was THC PR Manager, Fetty Fajriati.

Togu, the first speaker, indicated that Indonesia's forests are under serious threat. For the last five-year, the average annual rate of deforestation caused by

illegal logging and bad forestry management has been 2.8 million

hectares. If the current problem of forest loss continues, it is estimated that all natural forests of Indonesia will be gone within 15 years. Hariyadi, the second speaker, stated that in Indonesia Forest was not solely the responsibility of the Ministry of Environment but also other departments like Forestry Department, Industrial and Trade Department, the Agricultural Department, and also Transmigration Department.





TALK SHOW THE HABIBIE CENTER ON TV

THC's Talk show was the Habibie center new program for 2006. This program was organized by The Habibie Center in cooperation with PT Jaring Data Interaktif which was started on February. All talk

shows had been on air on Qtv, Swara TV and Qtv network. During February-September 2006, The Habibie Center had organized 28 episodes of discussion.

MARCH 1, 2006: THE INFLUENCE OF INCREASE OF ELECTRICITY RATE

The topic of talk show program in this episode was "The Increase of Electricity Tariff and its influence public. During the initial days of 2006, government had intention to increase electricity tariff. But many had against to government intending policy. Therefore, THC presented speakers

like Djimanto (General Secretary APRISINDO); Prof. Dr. Prijono Tjiptoherijanto (Professor from Faculty of Economics, University of Indonesia); and Umar Juoro (Senior Fellow the Habibie Center) in order to see the impact of the raise of electricity tariff.

MARCH 8, 2006: BUREAUCRATIC REFORM AND CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

The topic of talk show program on this episode was "Bureaucratic Reform and Civil Service Commission", with speakers Sofian Effendi (Rector of University of Gadjah Mada), Eko Prasjo (University of

Indonesia), dan R. Siti Zuhro (The Habibie Center). The talk show focused the issues on the system of state-employee recruitment process.

APRIL 27, 2006: EDUCATION BUDGET AND NATIONAL BUDGETING

The talk show of the day was about the education budget, with the speakers such as M. Soerya, Chairman of Indonesian's Teacher Organization /PGRI; Abu Hartono Senior Fellow of The Habibie Center; and

Nursanita Nasution from Commission X of DPR RI. And the host of this episode was Ahmad Watik Pratiknya, Executive director of The Habibie Center.

MAY 3, 2006: POWER OF DEMOCRACY

The March 27, 2006, talk show was a bit special, because B.J Habibie, as a founder of an idea of democracy, became the sole speaker who talked about Power and Democratization. The talk show presented two moderators at a time: they were Ahmad Watik Pratiknya (Executive Director of The Habibie Center) and Dewi Fortuna Anwar (Program Director of The Habibie Center). The talk show put

emphasized on the way how B.J. Habibie used his power during his administration to push the implementation of democracy in Indonesia. Habibie told that he gave people political education through his own policy as he refused to run for presidency in 1999. He was just happy to see that the first democratic election has been conducted in Indonesia during his administration.

MAY 10, 2006: QUO VADIS OF INDONESIAN BROADCASTING

The episode on "Quo Vadis of Indonesian Broadcasting" presented speakers like Ade Armando (Indonesian Broadcasting Commission or KPI); Dedy Jamaluddin (member of the House of Representatives); and Gilang Iskandar (Indonesian Association of Private Television). The moderator for this episode was Fetty

Fajriati (Public Relations Manager of The Habibie Center). This topic was referred to the issue of a judicial review that has been issued by KPI to the Constitutional Court in order to give KPI a legitimate authority as the sole broadcasting regulator in Indonesia. The episode was broadcast in November 16, 2006.

MAY 17, 2006, GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION IN CORRELATED WITH BUREAUCRATIC REFORM

The topic of the talk show was mostly about how to eliminate corruption, collusion and nepotism practices in Indonesian Government Administration in order to create good governance. There speakers for this episodes were Taufik Effendi (state minister of administrative

reform), Sofian Efendi (Rector of Gadjah Mada University), Gayus Lumbuun (Honorable Members of the DPR). And the host for this episode was Ahmad Watik Pratiknya, the executive director of The Habibie Center.

JUNE 21, 2006: PROTECT OUR CHILDREN FROM PORNOGRAPHY ON MEDIA

On June 9, 2006 The Habibie Center held a talk show with the topic: "Protect Our Children From Pornography On Media". The speakers were Inke Maris (Save The Children of Indonesia); Maswigrantoro (The Chairman of Indonesian Telematic Public); Choesyana Shoffat (Human Rights Division of Kowani). The talk show focused

more on the protection of Indonesian children from the attack of media which provided porn program either through television, internet or even mobile phones. The speakers encouraged government to produce a new bill on children protection towards pornography.

JULY 5, 2006: THE CHALLENGE AND IMPLICATION OF AVIAN INFLUENZA ON HUMAN SECURITY

On July 5, 2006, THC presented a special talk show which presented Minister of Health, Siti Fadilah Supari as speaker. The selected topic was Aviant Flu that during the period has emerged in public and became a threath. Data in 2006 told that there were already 51 people with were

claimed to contaminate positive avian influenza virus and a number of 38 people have died because of the disease. In this episode the minister of Health gave people tips to prevent the spread out of the disease, and the host for this topic was Fetty Fajriati. (THC's PR Manager)

JULY 12, 2006: PRESS ROLE TO SOSIALIZE AVIAN INFLUENZA PANDEMIC IN INDONESIA

As the epidemi of Aviant Flu is now happening in Indonesia, THC, continued to present a topic on Aviant Flu. This time the topic referred to media role in socializing the danger of the disease. The speakers for this episode were mostly from media, they

were Ray Wijaya (Editor-in-Chief of TPI newsroom); Drh. Tri Satya Naipospos (PDHI Indonesia/ aviant Flu experts); and Ichwanul Kiram (Chief editor of Republika Daily). And the host was Fetty Fajriati.

JULY 19, 2006: BUREAUCRATIC REFORM : AGAINST CORRUPTION IN THE GOVERNMENT

Bureaucratic Reform means restructuring bureaucracy to be more professional and neutral. The speakers of the talk show were Djoko Susilo(member of Commission I of The House of Representatives), Teten Masduki (Coordinator of Indonesian Coruption Watch) and Abdullah Hehamahua (Commission of Againts Coruption). And the speaker for this

episode was Djoko Susilo (the member of commission I, The House of Representatives); Teten Masduki (The coordinator of Indonesian Corruption Watch), Abdullah Hemahuwa (Commission of Again Corruption/ KPK). The host of this episode was Andrinof Chaniago (The Habibie Center)

SEPTEMBER 21, 2006: DRUG'S ABUSE AND LIFE STYLE AMONG THE YOUTH

The talk show on September 8, 2006 presented Ari Lasso, a musician; Adrie Soebono, a Promoter of Music, and Dra. Tri Iswandari, M.Si, a lecturer of the University of Indonesia. And the host was Fetty Fajriati.

The topic of talk show on Drugs used by young people was aimed at seeing the fact whether it was already a lifestyle or just a phenomenon in looking for their identity.

The discussion also wanted to see the correlation between drugs and entertainment. Certain type of music like rock music has been claimed to be a trigger for young people to use drugs. In this episode Ari Lasso, who had been a drug user, told that there was no correlation between music and the use of drugs in young people. It was a wrong perception that almost rock musician or celebrities used drugs.

SEPTEMBER 28, 2006: "JUDICIAL COMMISSION AND ACCOUNTABILITY SYSTEM"

This talk show's topic was "Judicial Commission and Accountability System", with the speakers of Busyro Muqoddas (The Chairman of Judicial Commission), Patrialis Akbar (from the House of Representatives); Prof. Dr. Muladi, SH (The

Chairman of the Board of the Habibie Center). And the host was Ahmad Watik Pratiknya. The topic put more emphasize on the role of Judicial Commission in Indonesia.

OCTOBER 3, 2006: "THE MUD FLOW OF LAPINDO AND SIDOARJO'S FISHERIES"

As the mud of Lapindo became the long-coverage issue covered by media, THC also presented the topic on it in order to see how this problem could be solved. The topic was more about how the mud in Lapindo's case could affect the Sidoarjo's Fisheries and its production. The speakers for this episode were Rokhmin Dahuri (Former Minister of Marine and Fishery), M. Mirdasy (Regional House of Representative / DPRD), Ivan Valentina Ageung (Environmental division of

WALHI). And the host was Ahmad Watik Pratiknya.

The mud flow of Lapindo's disaster will have long-term impacts on people's livelihood and the environment. The government and Lapindo Brantas Inc must recover Sidoarjo's environment. This rehabilitation fund should also cover remedial and restoration costs of the mud flow's impact on the river, marine and water ecosystems in the area which are now likely to be affected as well.